Qualify Function Deployment (QFD)

Problem

How to select "how"s to meet a "want"?

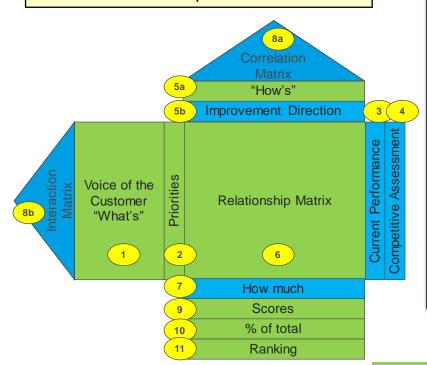
Difficulty

Some training required

Quality Function Deployment (QFD)

translates a customer's "wants" ("What does the customer want?") into "hows" ("How can we satisfy the customer wants?").

- A weighted decision matrix is used.
- The "hows" are prioritized



Customer "wants"

QFD Prioritized "hows"

Process

Process

- 1. Determine the customer's "What's"
- 2. Determine the customer's priority ratings
- 3. Determine current performance
- 4. Determine competitive assessment
- 5. Define the "How's"
- 6. Determine how well a "How" meets a "What"
- 7. Establish Measurable Targets for "How's"
- 8. Complete Correlation and Interaction Matrices
- 9. Compute the Score for each "How"
- 10.Compute percentages and rankings
- 11.Determine the final result

The green elements are the minimal elements for a QFD. The blue elements are optional.

Minimal Optional

QFD – Example – Planning a vacation

Example: selecting a vacation

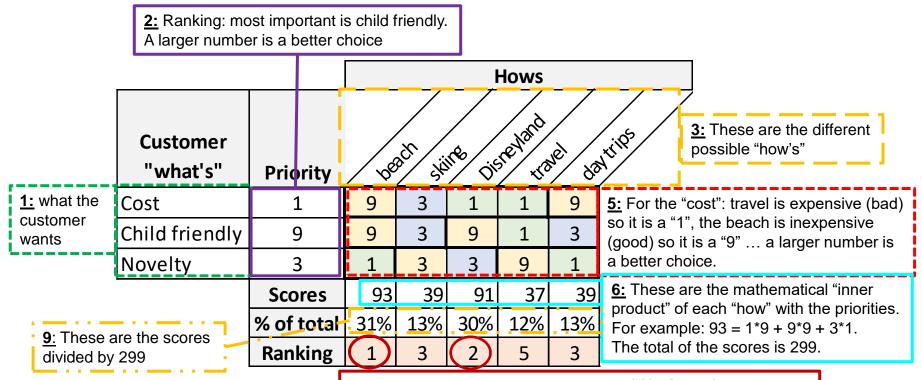
- What's: cost, child friendly, novelty
- How's: go to the beach, go skiing, go to Disneyland, travel internationally, day trips from home

Follow the minimal QFD steps listed at the right

- For steps 2 and 5, use values of {1,3,9} for simplicity
- For step 6, a large score is preferred to a smaller score

Minimal QFD process steps

- 1. Determine the customer's "What's"
- 2. Determine the customer's priority ratings
- 3. Define the "How's"
- 5. Determine how well a "How" meets a "What"
- 6. Compute the Score for each "How"
- 9. Compute percentages and rankings
- 10. Determine the final result



10: This row has ranked the above row ("% of total") values. The best options, "beach" and "Disneyland," have close scores and a more detailed analysis of these two "hows" should be made.

QFD – Notes

Slide 1

- QFD is also known as the "house of quality"
- A QFD takes
 - What a customer wants (called "whats")
 - Potential solutions (called "hows")
 - A prioritization of the "whats"
 - As assessment of how well each "how" satisfies each "what"

And, using numerical values. creates a prioritization of the "hows."

- A complete QFD appears very complicated (11 steps). There are books written on how to create a QFD.
- A minimal QFD has only 7 steps, and is easy to implement.

Slide 2

- 1. Normally, the values in a QFD are from scale of 0 to 10, we use the values {1,3,9} for simplicity
- 2. In this example:
 - A customer cares about 3 things ... each is weighted differently.
 - A customer has 5 possible solutions ...
 each solution has a single value which
 assesses how well it achieves each of
 the 3 things the customer cares about
- 3. After creating the priorities (step 2) and the assessment (step 5), the rest is mathematics.